IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

Daniel M. Woods #1647118 Phinter

VS.

Civil Action No # 08-397 (J.J.F)

FIRST Correctional Medical Inc., In the Case, et. al. Defendants

*
In support of the above filed Clase befor this *

Nated 8-24-08

Daniel M. Wards#164728 J.T.V. Parentional Center 1181 Poddack Road SMYNO, Debune 19977



FX HIBI

DCC Delaware Correctional Center Smyrna Landing Road **SMYRNA DE, 19977** Phone No. 302-653-9261

Date: 03/19/2008

GRIEVANCE REPORT

OFFENDER GRIEVANCE INFORMATION

Offender Name: BOYER, DONALD

SBI# : 00082420

Grievance # : 153373

Grievance Date : 03/11/2008

Category : Individual

Status : Unresolved **Resolution Status:**

Resol. Date

Institution

Grievance Type: Health Issue (Medical) : Dutton, Matthew

Incident Date : 03/11/2008 Incident Time:

Housing Location: Bldg 22, Upper, Tier C, Cell 4, Bottom

* OFFENDER GRIEVANCE DETAILS

Description of Complaint: Inmate Claims: I am filing this grievance in regards to the nurses inadequate care. Pertaining to Syringe usage. I am on Insulin and their is a certain syringe explicitly designed for my Insulin shot, only hence, I am and have been getting injected with a syringe's that are specifically for TB shot. Not insulin. I am aware that I am receiving my Insulin injection with the wrong syringe because, I have been receiving Insulin shot for roughly 2 years. 2. The nurses unequivocally informed me that I would feel a burn when I receive my injection because they were "out of the proper" syringes. I received my shot with a TB syringe. My case In point: that due to me getting my Insulin with the wrong syringe I am experiencing a series of ailments such as: sharp pains and numbness in my arms (where injected with TB syringe. Tingling and burning in my fingers, blurry vision, occasional sharp pains in my heart, kidney pains, burns when I urinate, frequent urination cramps and numbness in thighs and legs, feet swell up, my big toe on my right foot is infected; which in turn when I walk my entire right foot hurts, twisting and turning in sleep all night from cramps. Prior to me receiving inefficient care these problems would occur but not so frequent and sudden. At times it's difficult for me to even get out of bed because my entire body is aching. Also, on numerous occasions my whole body feels numb from my toes to my head. This inadequate care has been going on for approximately the last (15) days. Furthermore, I would like to have my right toe examined because it is turning black. From infection. And I don't want it to be cut off, especially if I can have this avoided by simply having it examined and treated properly. Copy to Warden Perry Phelps.

Remedy Requested

To have Deputy Warden Pierce to have his staff conduct an extensive and thorough investigation on the nursing staff in building 22 on the 8:00 to 4:00 shift from the month of February to the week and month of March 12th 2008. I am requesting for the nurses to be investigated that have been injecting me with the wrong syringes that are precisely designed for TB shot, only. Also, who administered and have authorized and continue to authorize the nurses to use the TB shot syringes which are not designed for Insulin injection. Furthermore, for me and all other inmates who have been injected with the wrong syringes to have our blood (properly) checked, in building 22. Transferred from an excerpt dated July 23, 2006 out of the News Journal: "Nearly 50 current and former inmates may have been exposed to blood borne illness because of a nurses mistakel Case in point: the same mistake or incompetence is happening right now. I do not want to become a victim of circumstance. Also I want an investigation conducted on Dr. Desrosiers MD to see if she approved that these syringes could be used. And if she approved nurse Cain and Betty to inject me/us with the TB syringes for Insulin shot. The 12:00 to 8:00 had the proper syringes for Insulin shot and should not be included in this investigation.

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SBI#

Name

ADDITIONAL GRIEVANCE INFORMATION

Medical Grievance: YES

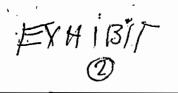
Date Received by Medical Unit: 03/19/2008

Investigation Sent: 03/19/2008.

Investigation Sent To

: Moore, Ronnie

Grievance Amount:



DCC Delaware Correctional Center Smyrna Landing Road SMYRNA DE, 19977 Phone No. 302-653-9261

Date: 03/19/2008

INFORMAL RESOLUTION

Offender Name: BOYER, DONALD	SBI# : 00082420	Institution : DCC
Grievance # : 153373	Grievance Date : 03/11/2008	Category : Individual
Status : Unresolved	Resolution Status:	Inmate Status :
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IGC : Dutton, Matthew	Housing Location :Bidg 22, Uppe	r, Tier C, Cell 4, Bottom
	INFORMAL RESOLUTION	
nvestigator Name : Moore, Ronnie	. Date of	Report 03/19/2008
nvestigation Report :		
	•	

Case 1:08-cv-00397-JJF

Document 15 Filed 08/28/2008

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··· EXHIBIT

DCC Delaware Correctional Center Smyrna Landing Road SMYRNA DE, 19977 Phone No. 302-653-9261

Date: 03/19/2008

A16 • • July 23, 2006 www.delawareonline.com

Sunday News Journal A Gannett newspaper W. Curtis Riddle President and Publisher

· 中国中国的政治中国共享的国际政治企业的企业企业,并未通过的政治企业的企业,但是企业企业企业企业。

OUR VIEW

INMATES EXPOSED

Another medical error in prison adds urgency to oversight of system

Even given the well-documented state of health care inadequacies in Delaware prisons, the latest fiasco is mind-numbing.

Nearly 50 current and former inmates may have been exposed to blood-borne illnesses because of a nurse's mistake. According to reports, a privately contracted employee was seen using a diabetic needle and syringe, instead of an individual lancet, to obtain a blood sample from an inmate earlier this month. She allegedly used the same needle to draw insulin from a multiple-dose vial – potentially contaminating the vial – then used the vial to provide insulin to other inmates, witnesses say.

If true, this is inexcusable. The nurse reportedly has since resigned, but damage may already be done.

Health care in Delaware's prisons is under federal investigation for problems documented by The News Journal and others.

Providing care in prisons is fraught with potential problems, beginning with finding qualified personnel and dealing with the inmate population. Given Delaware's record and continued lack of oversight, a breach of basic medical protocol could happen again.



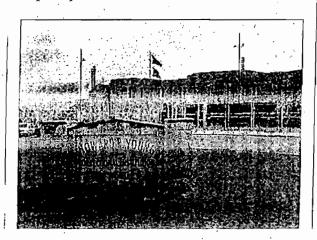
The Department of Correction is not excused from a commitment to transparency and monitoring the medical services these contract workers are paid to deliver.

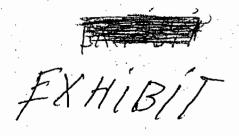
Partnering with Delaware's medical community to provide independent oversight of contracted workers would be a reasonable and efficient solution. Oversight must include authority to make changes in how care is delivered. Limiting the medical community's role to an advisory capacity would waste their time and the taxpayers' money.

None of this is a new idea. Much of it was in prison health care reform legislation that was introduced but died in the General Assembly this year.

Considering this latest allegation and the possible harm to patients, the time for excuses is over. State officials have a moral obligation to end inexcusable, embarrassing and preventable episodes of lax care in the prisons.

Gov. Minner and the Department of Correction shouldn't waste another year waiting for the Legislature to debate the merits of the issue. They should act now to revamp the oversight system and improve prison health care.



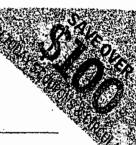


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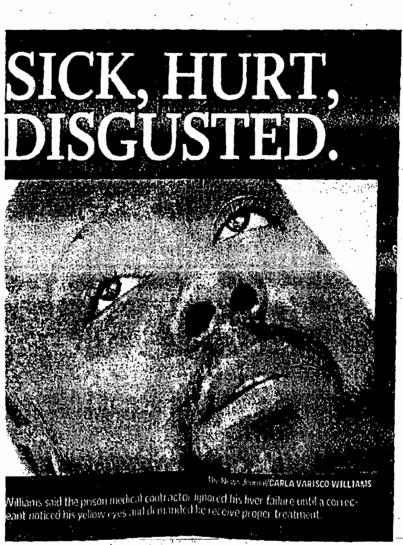


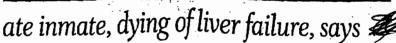
LOCAL Weather snarls traffic, cuts power



One answer to foreclosure: Just walk away **BUSINESS**

ews lournal





Del. pays outside lawyers big fees

Many private law firms have deep ties to governor

> By CRIS BARRISH The News Journal

Delaware taxpayers have paid more than \$17 million since 2003 to private law firms for work state lawyers are supposed to handle - from defending

against lawsuits and responding to federal investigations to routine tasks such as closing real estate deals.
Spending on outside legal fees keeps growing despite a 1995 government report that Delaware taxpayers could save up to \$1 million a year by cutting back.
Instead, outside firms continue getting lucrative
deals, The News Journal found while analyzing state
checkbook payments and nearly three deven active

checkbook payments and nearly three dozen active contracts.

A Wilmington firm and one from Washington, D.C., have been paid a total of \$4 million through February for a single case: the state's ongoing border dis-

Mike Parkowski,

ical ally of Gov.

Ruth Ann Min-

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NE EXTRA

Duane Williams ideo interview at awareonline.com The News Journal

ander Hill inmate Duane J. Williams is clinging to life in a Pennsylvania hospital, his eyes bright yellow from near total liver failure. Severe abdominal pain, which he first reported over four months ago, wasn't taken seriously by the prison's

medical contractor, Correctional Medical Services, until last week, he says. When a corrections sergeant noticed Williams' eyes, the officer demanded that CMS staff provide treatment or transfer the inmate to a hospital.

Ten days ago, the immate was taken to Wilmington Hospital, where he waited for a week before being transferred to Philadelphia's Albert Einstein Medical Center on Thursday night for specialized treatment.

A diabetic, Williams was exposed to blood-borne diseases such as hepatitis in July 2006, when a former prison nurse drew insulin from a multidose vial with a syringe she had earlier used to obtain a blood sample from another inmate.

The nurse, who resigned after the mistake was discovered, delivered insulin from that yial to Williams and 46 other diabetic inmates. Six have since tested positive for he patitis, although prison officials can't definitively link their illnesses to the contaminated insulin. Most of the inmates, including Williams, were not tested for hepatitis before the exposure.

To Williams, none of this matters.

"My liver's failing me," he said,

He doesn't know how long he will live if he doesn't get a transplant. "They won't tell me straight out," he said.

See SICK - A6

probe and a Philadelphia firm desending state posice against lawsuits.

Outside attorneys routinely charge more than \$400. an hour - about 10 times what a typical deputy attorney general is paid the newspaper found. One Philadelphia lawyer that Delaware.

uses charges \$525 an hour.

Hiring outside lawyers is legal as long as the governor and attorney general agree, but some question whether the practice is wasteful and best serves the public interest.

State officials say the work gets farmed out because of potential conflicts, the need for specialists and lack of manpower. The law, however. provides for no formalized process to hire outside attorneys.

While written proposals are often a longtime politsought and many firms charge reduced rates, some have been hired after a few calls, without any others

never lobbied asked for a proposal.
her for business. Much of the work goes to firms
with deep Delaware political ties.

The firm headed by Mike Parkowski, one of Gov Ruth Ann Minner's longtime political supporters, has long held a contract for highway property purchases and other transportation related work. From June 2003 through February, the state paid the firm \$1.35 million for the work.

Joseph C. Schoell, Minner's former chief legal adviser, and Thomas P. McGonigle, who held the same post under former Gov. Tom Carper, were abruptly hired last year to handle probes into conditions at the Delaware Psychiatric Center. The state has paid Wolf Block about \$380,000 for the hospital work.

See LAWYERS -

an Bush's veto of bill to ban torture

America's reputation ported the bill.

ident had the chance to the United States," she said, e debate for good, yet he er of the Senate Intelli-

ttee. ush ignored the advice of

"Torture is a black mark against

The bill would have limited the CIA to leave the door open to to 19 interrogation techniques that are the future," said Democ. used by the military and spelled out in mne Feinstein of Califor, the Army Field Manual Bush said he vetoed the measure because it is important for the CIA to have a separate and classified interrogation program ierals and admirals and for suspected terrorists who possess curity experts including critical information about possible startes of state and na plots against the United States.

ity advisers, who sup- Bush, who used his weekly radio

address to announce the veto, said the program had helped stop plots against a Marine camp in Djibouti and the U.S. consulate in Karachi, Pakistan, and plans to fly passenger planes into a Los Angeles tower or London's Heathrow Airport and city buildings.

Were it not for this program, our intelligence community believes that al Qaida and its allies would have succeeded in launching another attack against the American homeland," the president said.

See VETO -

INSIDE

OBAMA CAPTURES WYOMING Clinton defeated in latest battle for Democratic nomination PAGE A2

PILOT'S CRASH CHANGES LIVES

Pacific island rescuers repaid for help during WWII. PAGE ALL



RECAST

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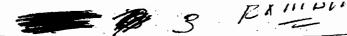
SPRING FORWARD

Daylight saving time began at 2 a.m. today. Clocks should have been set ahead one hour.

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tor cites breakdowns at Gander Hill



The News Journal/CARLA VARISCO-WILLIAMS

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Harry Williams Sr. said the Department of Correction put his son's life at risk by waiting so long to transfer him to specialist care.

mate lawsuits over poor care in Delaware and other states.

In January, a former inmate who sued the medical contractor resolved his case out of court. Richard Mark Turner, 52, charged that CMS failed to prodiabetes, vide him with adequate care in ded for a 2001 and 2002 to treat his hepatiand arm the C. Neither side would say

At the Albert Einstein Medical Center Thursday night, a team of doctors biopsied Williams' liver, his wife said. During the week Williams spent at Wilmington Hospital, the family heard several versions of what doctors might do to help. "We've heard 10 different things. They've said he had a

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Ocandamage the kidney reves take 12 years, skin and blood. About 80 per 17 There were 2 cent of the recipie textos of towards exist in the control of the people textos of towards exist in the control of the party. the virus have a chance of d

Civil Rights Division launched

an investigation. Minner tried unsuccessfully to derail the federal investigation, but the Justice Department found "substantial civil rights. violations" in four state prisons. The state settled the case before it went to federal court.

The settlement agreement, signed by Danberg, who at the time was Delaware's attorney general, and former Correction Commissioner Stan Taylor, called on the state to revamp its prison health care system and to report its progress regularly to the Justice Department.

Martin's team also warned that CMS suffers from a "lack of stable and effective leadership.

Moreover, there has been consistent turnover at staff-level positions, and, at [Gander Hill] in particular, there is a problem with staff insubordination that needs to be addressed because it affects inmate medical and mental health services negatively, Martin wrote. "The Monitoring Team has also faced difficulty in receiving consistent and accurate information from CMS.

Suzanne Hill, an attorney who works at Martin's law firm, said Martin declined to comment for this story

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EXHIBIT

A6 SUNDAY NEWS JOURNAL ... MARCH 9, 2008

Sick: Monitor cites by

FROM PAGE AI

Like the other exposed inmates, Williams has lived with the possibility he contracted he-patitis or HIV from the insulin shot. Because viral infections can take months to appear, nurses conducted a series of blood tests in 2006 to monitor the inmates' health.

Williams, 32, was retested last week at Wilmington Hospital, but he says doctors tell him they don't know what caused his liver to fail.

While hepatitis C can cause liver failure, it typically takes longer between exposure and failure than what Williams has experienced, according to Dr. Robert Fontana, an associate professor of internal medicine and medical director for liver transplant at the University of Michigan in Ann Arbor.

The rarer former of hepatitis B, also can lead to liver failure, and progresses much quicker. Other medical circumstances can shorten or lengthen the progression of either strain.

Sentenced to three years for drug and weapons offenses, Williams is dying six months before his scheduled September release.

"He wasn't sentenced to death," said his mother, Teri Williams.

Over the past several weeks, Williams has retained 20 pounds of fluid in his legs and stomach, a consequence of liver

failure. Morphine, delivered through an IV, barely takes the edge off the "unbearable" pain.
"He told me he's going to die," his wife, Megan Williams, said through tears Thursday morning at Wilmington Hospital. "He should have been tal. "He should have been brought here months ago."

Her husband winced when she rested her hand on his distended stomach. But, Williams said, "It's the first time I've touched my wife in three years."

After he was transported to Wilmington Hospital on March 6, Williams spent the next six days handcuffed and shackled to a bed, as is prison policy, al-though he could barely move. Prison officials downgraded

his custody level Thursday – after The News Journal began investigating. The handcuffs. and shackles were removed in the support of the same shackles were removed in



Megan Williams visits her inmate husband, Duane, at Wilmington H through tears Thursday. "He should have been brought here months



Robyn Williams questioned the medical contractor's delay in moving her brother to Albert Einstein Medical Center in Philadelphia: "It doesn't take that long to find a bed."

When Williams was committed to prison, his lawyer asked the judge to reduce the sentence because of Williams' diabetes, and treatment he needed for



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l year 2009. icludes \$40 nedical care . Inmate ad-Gov. Ruth g and other r the state's Louis-based story of inmate lawsuits over poor care in Delaware and other states.

In January, a former inmate who sued the medical contractor resolved his case out of court. Richard Mark Turner, 52, charged that CMS failed to provide him with adequate care in 2001 and 2002 to treat his hepatitis C. Neither side would say whether Turner received money as part of the resolution.

Danberg said he's continuing 'to hold CMS responsible" for providing quality health care to inmates.

not complying with the contract, there are financial penal-ties for failure to comply," Dan-berg said. "Every inmate death or serious illness is being evaluated by the department, the monitors and, when appropriate, outside medical experts."

Citing privacy laws, Danberg wouldn't discuss the specifics of Williams' medical problems.

'I can say we have removed the medical file from the custody of the vendor (CMS) and made a complete copy for our-selves. We'll be providing complete copies of the file to the monitors and the Medical Society of Delaware," Danberg said. We're treating this as a critical incident, like an inmate death.

CMS spokesman Ken Fields was not willing to be interviewed over the phone.

"While we cannot comment in detail on the care provided to a particular patient, we can tell you that this patient was seen. and treated in a timely and appropriate manner by health care professionals," Fields said in an e-mail.

At the Albert Einstein Medical Center Thursday night, a team of doctors biopsied Williams' liver, his wife said. During the week Williams spent at Wilmington Hospital, the family heard several versions of what doctors might do to help.

"We've heard 10 different things. They've said he had a bed at different hospitals on three occasions," said friend Jason Milling, a restaurant manager in New York who has known Williams for 12 years.

Megan Williams was first told "To the extent that they are her husband would be moved to Johns Hopkins Medical Center in Baltimore, but later learned that had fallen through.

Gary Stephenson. spokesman for Johns Hopkins, said Delaware's prison system contracts with a transplant company that works in Pennsylvania, not through Johns Hopkins.

Megan said she was later told a transfer wasn't possible because one hospital "wouldn't take his insurance," even though as an inmate in state custody, the state is responsible for paying all health care costs.

They said they've been looking for a bed at another hospital since Tuesday," sister Robyn Williams said. "I work at a hospital. It doesn't take that long to find a bed."

Federal investigation 🖋

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Problems with prison health care and high inmate death rates, especially from AIDS and hepatitis, were examined by The News Journal in a series published in 2005. In March 2006, the Justice Department's

it went to federal court.

Filed 08/28/2008

The settlement agreement, signed by Danberg, who at the time was Delaware's attorney general, and former Correction Commissioner Stan Taylor, called on the state to revamp its prison health care system and to report its progress regularly to the Justice Department.

The agreement remains in effect for three years, although the state can get off earlier if it achieves "substantial compliance" with each portion it.

But in the most recent report from a former judge selected to oversee the agreement, released Jan. 31, the sick-call process at Young Correctional Institution is described as dysfunctional.

During the first visit, the Monitoring Team found that, particularly on the west wing of HRYCI, sick call slips were not consistently picked up on a daily basis, meaning that timely access to care was not occurring," wrote Joshua W. Martin III, the Wilmington attorney selected by the Department of Correction and the Justice Department to serve as the state's first

independent prison monitor.
"Further," Martin wrote, "the Monitoring Team found that sick call slips were not being maintained in one place, and some had not been addressed at all, even though they extended back over several weeks."

These problems have reached the commissioner's desk.

"We are aware of significant problems with the sick-call process, particularly at Gander Hill," Danberg said. "We continue to work with the monitor and CMS to improve those problems.'

needs to be addressed because it affects inmate medical and mental health services negatively, Martin wrote. "The Monitoring Team has also faced difficulty in receiving consistent and accu-

rate information from CMS."
Suzanne Hill, an attorney who works at Martin's law firm, said Martin declined to comment for this story.

"He talks to the public through his reports," said Hill. who returned a message left for Martin.

From Wilmington

Williams grew up in Wilm-ington, with one brother and two sisters.

"He was crazy as a child," Robyn Williams said. "He al-

ways made everybody laugh."
"He's ornery," his wife said. "As a diabetic, he's not supposed to eat sweets, but he'd tease me by sending me candy bar wranpers in his letters, stuck to the paper with caramel.

He excelled at football at Concord High, and still played occasionally until his arrest.

He and Megan met at a friend's wedding.

Williams enjoys spending time with his 10-year-old daughter Hannah, unless she beats him at video games, his wife said, at which point he sulks.

She still hasn't come to terms with his illness.

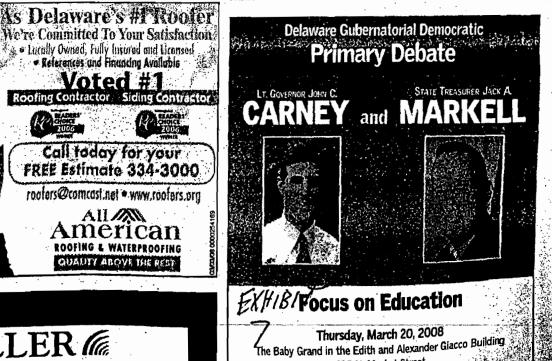
'I have so much anger inside me because of this, I can't put it into words," she said. "The doctors said every day he's getting worse. If he doesn't get a transplant, the outcome will be fatal."

Contact investigative reporter Lee Williams at 324-2362 or hulliams@delawareonline.com.



/03/08 0000254154





818 N. Market Street

morning at Wilmington Hospital. "He should have been brought here months ago."

Her husband winced when she rested her hand on his distended stomach. But, Williams said, "It's the first time I've touched my wife in three years."

After he was transported to Wilmington Hospital on March 6, Williams spent the next six days handcuffed and shackled to a bed, as is prison policy, although he could barely move.

Prison officials downgraded his custody level Thursday – after The News Journal began investigating. The handcuffs and shackles were removed. The guards left. His family got more time with him than the 20-minute-per-day visits theyhad been allowed.

His family maintains the Department of Correction waited too long to transfer him to a hospital, putting his life at risk.

"Our concern is that he didn't receive specialist care," said his father, Harry Williams Sr. "I can't help but think about how many other inmates are going through the same thing."

Began with cocaine, gun

Duane Williams' legal problems began Oct. 31, 2003, when Wilmington police officers conducted a search warrant at an apartment on Rockford Road. They found 54 grams of cocaine and a loaded handgun.

Although the apartment belonged to a girlfriend, Williams told police the dope and pistol were his. He pleaded guilty to possession with intent to deliver cocaine and possession of a firearm during commission of a felony. He was sentenced to three years in prison, all of which he has served at Gander Hill, formally known as Young Correctional Institution. He was due to be released Sept. 1.

"He committed the crime. He was wrong for that," his father said.

EXHIBI.



Robyn Williams questioned the medical contractor's delay in moving her brother to Albert Einstein Medical Center in Philadelphia: "It doesn't take that long to find a bed."

When Williams was committed to prison, his lawyer asked the judge to reduce the sentence because of Williams' diabetes, and treatment he needed for a broken neck, shoulder and arm that he suffered in a traffic accident in May 2005. The motion was denied. A little more than a year later, he was exposed to the contaminated insulin.

Williams said CMS wouldn't link his failing liver to the hepatitis exposure.

"CMS said my liver failed because of stress," Williams said.
"I filled out-six sick-call slips.
They told me I had a virus and sent me back to my cell. Then they told me I had the flu. Then they said it was nerves. I am sick, hurt and disgusted."

Corrections Commissioner Carl Danberg said the problems associated with inmate medical care are "the most frustrating issue I've ever faced in my professional career."

"It's a very difficult situation," Danberg said. "We're trying to improve medical care delivery and improve the performance of our vendor, and have a team of people devoted to nothing but that."

Danberg's fiscal year 2009 budget proposal includes \$40 million for immate medical care -\$38 million for CMS. Inmate advocates have urged Gov. Ruth Ann Minner, Danberg and other state leaders to sever the state's contract with the St. Louis-based firm which has a history of in-

03/03/06 0000254154



Harry Williams Sr. said the Department of Correction put his son's life at risk by waiting so long to transfer him to specialist care.

mate lawsuits over poor care in Delaware and other states.

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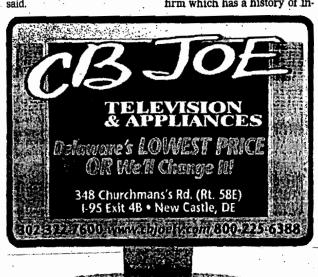
Gary Stephenson, a spokesman for Johns Hopkins, said Delaware's prison system contracts with a transplant company that works in Pennsylvania, not through Johns Hopkins.

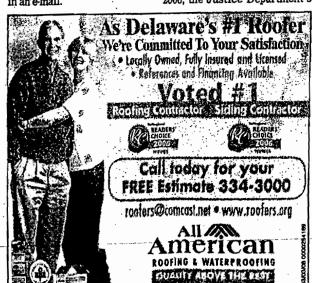
Megan said she was later told a transfer wasn't possible because one hospital "wouldn't take his insurance," even though as an inmate in state custody, the state is responsible for paying all health care costs.

"They said they've been looking for a bed at another hospital since Tuesday," sister Robyn Williams said. "I work at a hospital. It doesn't take that long to find a bed."

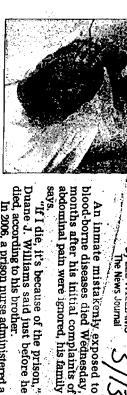
Federal investigation

Problems with prison health care and high inmate death rates, especially from AIDS and hepatitis, were examined by The News Journal in a series published in 2005. In March 2006, the Justice Department's





iver failure dies; family alleges prison neglect



'uane Williams was injected with a 'aminated insulin shot in 2006. News Journal file

By LEE WILLIAMS 3/13/08 "If I die, it's because

of the prison."

"If I die, it's because of the prison,"
Duane J. Williams said just before he

died, according to his brother.
In 2006, a prison nurse administered a contaminated insulin shot to Williams. diseases and viruses prior to his incarcer-Because he wasn't tested for a variety of

Duane J. Williams' words just before he died, according to his brother

contributed to his liver problems.

But the prison medical staff's failure to ation for drug and weapons' offenses, it may never be known whether exposure to hepatitis, HIV and other infections

act quickly when pain first developed, his

brother. "I told him it was OK to let go. I saw the life go out of him. He's at peace. He is free now. He is definitely free." family says, was a deadly mistake.
"When I came into his room for the last time, I actually saw his breath leave his body," said Harry Williams Jr., Duane's

Four days before he died, Duane Williams, 32, told The News Journal that he first felt a pain in his gut over four months ago but the pain wasn't taken seriously until this month when a prison guard noticed Williams' eyes were turn ing yellow. The officer demanded that

for him to get out. He learned his lesson and he had a life waiting

school now, and a lot of that is for him outside that was much better than he had." Reen credits his friend for investigation. In a settlement agreement, Delaware agreed to revamp its prison health care News Journal in a series published in 2005. In March 2006, the Justice Department's Civil Rights Division launched an hepatitis, were system and to report its progress Justice Department. over the next three years to the **l**ed by The

pushing him to better himself

"He has a great impact on my

life," Reen said. "I'm in medica

opened its investigation. an issue surrounding Williams' death, delayed care was an issue when the Justice Department Just as delayed treatment is

care and high inmate death

Problems with prison health

rates, especially from AIDS and

Delayed care common theme

attributed to him."

near Smyrna. 2005, while an inmate in the Delaware Correctional Center

claimed he never received any antibiotics. Trotman's family the prison, the disease is easily tis carinii pneumonia. Outside when he contracted Pneumocysaway from getting out of prison **physic**ian wrote tha**t Trotma**n treatment. One Kent General should have been brought to the treatable with high doses of Trotman was just months

Rolanda Trotman's twin hospital a month earlier brother, Ronald, died March 4, Another hospital doctor noted 2005, while an inmate in the that he should have been brought to the hospital seven

won't get straight answers from state officials. "We didn't," she said. "It's very hard to get over. I Williams' family most likely know if I'll ever get over it." still cry every night. I don't months before he died. Rolanda Trotman said

The Reverend Christopher Bullock, senior pastor of the New Canaan Baptist Church

Coalition for Prison Reform and
Justice, said the coalition wants
to meet with Danberg about
Williams' death.
"We pray for his family. We systemic problems that still mourn the tragic death - a death that could have been avoided," lack of urgency to address the seek justice. It appears to be a Bullock said. "The coalition will someone must be held account exists in our penal system, and

at 324-2362 or lwilliams@delawareonline.com Contact investigative reporter Lee Williams



Inmate:

FROM PAGE A1

nurse or doctor provide treatment or transfer the inmate to a hospital.

Williams was taken to Wilmington Hospital and then Philadelphia's Albert Einstein Medical Center, where he died at approximately 1:30 a.m. His family requested an autopsy, but the exact cause of death remains unknown.

"One of the doctors said he had acute hepatitis," his brother said. "But no one is telling us anything official."

"He didn't deserve this," wife
Megan Williams said through
tears. "I will miss him very,
very much."

Department of Correction Commissioner Carl Danberg was on military leave, according to spokesman John Painter, but in a statement, Danberg said the prison would review Williams' death.

"On behalf of the Delaware Department of Correction, I offer condolences to Duane J. Williams' family," Danberg wrote. "I also offer the pledge that the Department of Correction will cooperate fully as medical professionals determine the cause of death."

Federal law prevents Danberg from discussing medical records, but he said an internal review will examine whether there "were any deficiencies in the care provided to Mr. Williams while he was in our custody."

Gov. Ruth Ann Minner extended her "sincerest sympathy" to Williams' family and friends. "The cause of Mr. Williams' death is currently being investigated with the full cooperation of the Department of Correction, and again, our thoughts are with his family and loved ones during this difficult time," she said in a statement.

'The prison system killed him'

puze

3/13/08

In addition to his wife, Williams left behind a 10-year-old daughter, three brothers and sisters, parents and scores of family and friends who think the Delaware Department of Correction and its for-profit medical contractor, Correctional Medical Services, delayed and denied care in order to save the system some money.

"Without a doubt the prison system killed him," Harry Williams said. "My brother wasn't a drinker or a drug addict. They killed him. They

waited too long.'

A diabetic, Williams was exposed to contaminated blood when a former CMS nurse at Gander Hill prison drew insulin from a multidose vial with a syringe she had earlier used to obtain a blood sample from another inmate.

The nurse, who resigned after the mistake was discovered, delivered insulin from that vial to Williams and 46 other diabetic inmates. Six have since tested positive for hepatitis, although prison officials can't definitively link their illnesses to the contaminated insulin.

Hepatitis can lead to liver failure, but progressing from exposure to total failure in 1½ years would be rare, said hepatitis expert Dr. Robert Fontana of the University of Michigan in Ann Arbor,

Williams was serving three years in prison for possession with intent to deliver cocaine and possession of a firearm during commission of a felony. He was due to be released Sept. 1.

His family and friends say there was no chance he would have re-offended.

Inspiration to friend

Bob Reen Jr., 30, a medical student, has known Williams since 1994.

"I don't condone why he went to prison, but that's a separate issue. It's meaningless," Reen said. "There's no way he would have gone back. He's a family man, and he has his wife and flaughter waiting, and a big supboot group. We were all waiting EX HIBIT

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3//3/08

Details on A4

ews Journal NAVI JULIUS OF

quate" care, according to a federal on titutional rights in 2001 and 1002 through "obviously inade-WILMIGTON The contracfrisons violated an inmate's dling medical services for

overwhelming that she granted in-mate Richard Mark Turner's moion for summary judgment, meanfurther found the evidence was so Chief Judge Sue L. Robinson

reached for comment.

Prison officials and officials

TODAY'S FORECAST

HIGH

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Lotteries

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59 38

Calendar Business

3 뗤

DS Labors Editorial Dear Abby Crossword

A10 People A10 Obituaries E4 Movies Щ

A TV Safrys

72 E4

Scoreboard C5
Sports C1

What makes the ruling even more remarkable, according to and argued without an attorney. legal experts, is that Turner, 51, got the ruling in a lawsuit that he filed

ated in Bellefonte, Pa., could not be Union's National Prison Project. Elizabeth Alexander, director of the American Civil Liberties Turner, who is now incarcer-"This is a very rare event," said

The U.S. Department of Justice

about the treatment of hepatitis C, which Turner had. old, a time when less was known events that are more than five years day. He also noted the case involves Ken Fields wrote in an e-mail Fri

ing he has wolf his case without a with Correctional Medical Sertial.

What makes the ruling even the ruling, handed down late Wednesday, and therefore could

not respond directly to it.
"We intend to review the judge's ruling in detail before taking any additional action," CMS spokesman

nal series on prison medical care documenting abuses in the prison. In December, the state signed a

report. the problems. dress every issue identified in the woman Gail Stallings Minor said he department is continuing to ad On Friday, Corrections spokes

found "substantial civil rights vio-lations" in Delaware prisons last year, following a 2005 News Jour-

See HIMATE '- A7

settlement agreement with federa investigators, promising to correct

attorney. Richard Mari without an the lawsuit and argued **Purner filed**

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News Journal Saturday Moreh 3154, 2007

WWW.delawareonline.com Blood You Keep this Inmate: Inadequate training for:

FROM PAGE A1

According to Robinson's ruling, Correctional Medical Services violated Turner's rights when its employees failed to adequately train him in how to use a syringe to inject himself with Interferon - a form of chemotherapy - to treat his hepatitis C and "turned a blind eye" when they observed him improperly injecting himself three times a week for seven months. Turner injected himself in the same spot rather than in several different locations as recommended by the information sheet included with the medicine

As a result of the improper injections, Turner developed a serious infection, according to

court papers

The next step in Turner's case, filed in 2003, will be to determine damages. On Friday, Robinson ordered Turner and attorneys for Correctional Medical Services to file briefs for how much Turner is due, if anything, from the company to compensate him for the violation of his rights.

The Delaware Department of Correction - along with a number of its employees - were dismissed as defendants in the case by Robinson, along with a number of other claims made by Turner.

According to court papers, Turner was incarcerated in Delaware on assault and reckless-endangerment charges and was released in 2006. Several months after his release, Turner returned to prison Feb. 5 on ha-rassment and aggravated assault charges in Pennsylvania.

Turner was prescribed Inter-feron in April 2000 but did not begin receiving the medicine + until November 2001 because CMS told him it had no policy for treating inmates with hepatitis C, according to Robinson's ruling.

Hepatitis C a nationwide issue

According to recent reports. hepatitis C is one of the most significant health threats to prisoners nationwide. By some estimates, about 40 percent of the 2.2 million prisoners are infected. compared with just'2 percent of the general population, according to the Associated Press.

The state of the s

ONLINE EXTRAS

Read our series on prison health care, watch video interviews, read autopsy reports and join a discussion at www.delawareonline.com.

CMS, based in St. Louis, was replaced as the prisons' medical-services provider in 2002 by First Correctional Medical. But in 2005, CMS was given the job back in a \$25.9 million no-bid contract with the state.

The ACLU's Alexander said CMS has been criticized "across the country" for its sub-standard treatment of inmates.

Local legislators concerned

State Sen. Robert L. Venables D-Laurel, who said Turner's father provided him information about the case, was not surprised by Robinson's ruling. "I read all of his medical records, Delaware prisons "violates the three books the size of telephone books. I read that and when I are sible" books. I read that, and when I got done reading it, I could not be-lieve what I read," he said. "It was unbelievable ... so detailed and horrible. I don't know how

anything like that could possibly happen to a human being without someone stepping in.

COMPANIES LAND PROBABILISTER

State Sen. Karen E. Peterson, D-Stanton, who also reviewed Turner's materials, agreed. She said she forwarded the information to federal investigators.

At the same time, Peterson said, she believes the situation in the prisons has improved recently. She said officials have gotten more responsive and things are "heading in the right direction."

Critics say not enough being done?

Others were not so sure. Dover attorney Steve Hampton, who has represented several inmates and their families in similar lawsuits, said the situation 'hasn't improved at all."

Hampton said the judge's ruling is "another brick of evidence" that health care in

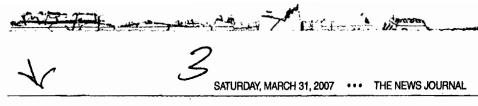
Hampton represented the family of Anthony Pierce, who became known as "the brother with two heads" as an inmate at





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self-injection violated civil rights

Sussex Correctional Institution she does not believe state leadbecause of the large tumor on his head. Pierce, who was being treated by CMS staff, died from the brain tumor in 2002.

The state settled a wrongfuldeath lawsuit in a confidential agreement last year.

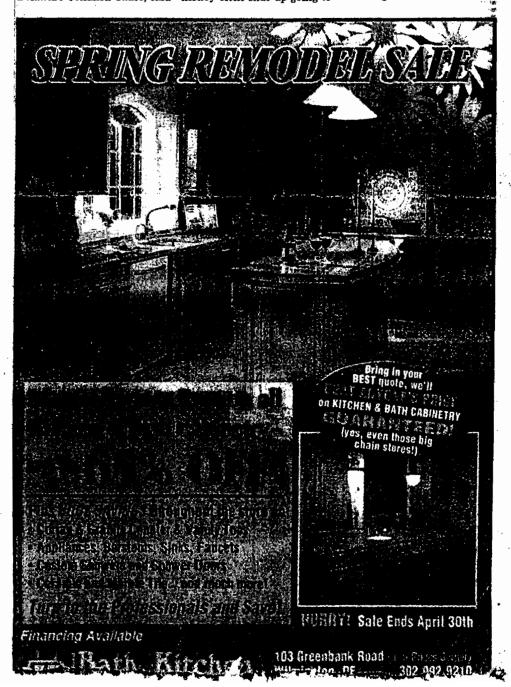
Maryanne McGonegal, of Delaware Common Cause, said

ers are taking the issue seriously and are dragging their feet on reforms. "It is a disgraceful

situation," she said.
It is possible Turner could be awarded cash by the court. But Hampton said when inmates win monetary damages, the money often ends up going toward fines, fees and restitution to their victims.

Attorney Edmund "Dans" Lyons Jr. said Turner could also end up with no money if the judge finds that the injury he suffered from CMS did not entitle him to significant damages.

Contact Sean O'Sullivan at 324-2777 or sosullivan@delawareonline.com.



EXIDIT

in care laws ettlement reached 1

Inmate Richard Mark Turner represented himself in his court case, suffer significant health problems as a

tractor for the state's prison system, without an attorney, has resolved his WILMINGTON - A former immate

Richard Mark Turner, 52, charged that Correctional Medical Services falled to provide him with adequate care in 2001 and 2002 to treat his hepati-

Attorney Jeffrey K. Martin, who is now representing furner, said the resolution with CMS was "amicable" but SEA

Robinson riles in Turner's favor before. CMS employees did not adequately in the runnsylvania cuarges means this civil case went fortial, stating the struct Turner on how to give himself in and now lives in Sussex County. Indisputed evidence showed Turner's jections of Interferon—a form of Turner has a second civil case pendicare was "obviously liadequate" and chemotherapy—and then "turned a ing in federal courts—filed in 2006—all violated his rights.

The property of the courts of the court of the courts of the courts of the court of the co Neutrations are more than resolution. Lation with me court worky many marked money as part of the resolution. Lation with marking Robinson said. Martin said in use many september of Martin Strict Judge Sue L. A. In her March ruling, Robinson said. Martin said in the Pennsylvania charges in September of Martin Subsect County.

because Turner won the case without The result stunned legal observers formal legal assistance

Martin joined the case several weeks, ically recommended resulting in seri At the fine he filed the case, in 2003, Turner demanded \$14.9 million

ous infections.

CMS spokesman Ken Fields and the "The two sides agreed to settle the" Turner had been in prison on assauncase was settled to "to avoid further lith" case you following mediation sessions with and reckless endangerment charges. He case was settled to "to avoid further lith" case you following mediation sessions with and reckless endangerment charges. He Neither side would say if Turner re- November and Tuesday entered a stipm later ended up in a Pennsylvania prison

leging subsequent medical negligence by the state and CMS related to the in-Turner also filed that case on his

> erly injecting himself three times a According to court papers, Turner than in different locations—as med-

week for seven months.

injected himself in the same spot rather own, but Martin has agreed to now represent him in that matter as wel

Syringe: 'Unacceptable,' says Rev. Bullock of care

FROM PAGE A1

Department of Correction officials did not return calls for

comment Friday.

The Rev. Christopher Bullock, senior pastor of New Canaan Baptist Church and cofounder of the Delaware Coalition for Prison Reform and Justice, said Friday the acts of the nurse and her employer CMS were potentially criminal.

"We must decry this kind of behavior. It is not acceptable,"

he said.

Bullock said the situation described in the lawsuit reminded him of the Tuskegee experiments in which hundreds of poor black men in Alabama were allowed, without knowing it, to suffer and die from syphilis by government doctors who were studying the disease's progression.

He said immates deserve to be treated humanely and their families should not have to put up with this kind of pain and an-

guish.

The 15 inmates who filed the lawsuit were at various stages in the criminal justice system when they were exposed, Bernstein said. Some were being held for probation violations, some were serving sentences for drug violations or crimes such as theft, and some were being held pending a trial.

Some have since gotten out of jail, but most remain incarcer-

ated, Bernstein said.

Normally, he said, a lancet is used to test a diabetic's blood, then a separate syringe is used to administer the insulin. Neither is supposed to be re-used.

In this case, the inmates allege, the nurse used the syringe to test their blood, then used the same syringe to administer the insulin – potentially contaminating the multi-use vial. She then re-used the syringe in the same way with other inmates, potentially compounding the spread of blood-borne disease.

The 15 inmates say their rights were violated and are seeking compensatory and punitive damages and changes in prison medical care to prevent a repeat

of the incident.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs provided a copy of a memo given to the inmate patients sometime in the summer of 2006, which appears to acknowledge some kind of contamination incident.

The "Patient Information Sheet" states a nurse "may have" used the same hypodermic needle to draw blood and to administer insulin, in violation

of policy. "A few other inmate patients are now making the same claim," it states, with a handwritten notation adding that some have tested positive for hepatitis.

The memo offers the inmates a blood screening to check for infection and says the unnamed nurse denied the charges and had left her job at Young Correc-

tional.

Bernstein said some of his clients who agreed to the blood screening were never told the

results.

Harry Williams, the brother of the inmate who died last month at a Philadelphia hospital, said Friday that his brother Duane, who was a diabetic and serving a three-year sentence on a drug and a weapons charge, had received the same Patient Information Sheet and that "Nurse Beth" was involved in his treatment in 2006 at Young Correctional Institution, formerly known as Gander Hill.

Some 46 other diabetic inmates were treated from the same multi-use vial. Six subsequently tested positive for hepatitis, although prison officials said they could not definitively state that the illness was linked to the allegedly contaminated insulin.

One month before the earliest date of alleged contamination, in March 2006, the Justice Department's Civil Rights Division launched an investigation of inmate health care in Delaware.

That federal involvement followed a series of stories published in The News Journal detailing abuses and problems with inmate health care.

The state later signed a settlement agreement with federal authorities promising to revamp and reform the prison health care system.

In February of this year, a report on the progress of that reform by former Superior Court Judge Joshua W. Martin III gave the state and CMS poor grades.

Bullock said Friday that CMS and its "incompetent and unethical" practices have to go.

"The coalition will again be calling for the removal of CMS and we will be doing whatever is necessary – demonstrations, protest marches – to bring justice to an unjust system. Someone must be held accountable. We are talking about the lives of human beings," he said.

Contact Sean O'Sullivan at 324-2777 or sosullivan@delawareonline.com.

Cruelty is alleged in suit over syringe

At least 3 inmates claim they contracted hepatitis

By SEAN O'SULLIVAN The News Journal

WILMINGTON — Fifteen current and former inmates at Young-Correctional Institution filed a federal lawsuit Friday alleging their medical care while behind bars was not only negligent but amounted to cruel and unusual punishment.

In at least one incident in 2006, a prison health care contractor allegedly used the same needle on multiple inmates, perhaps all 15, to draw blood and inject medicine – exposing all to blood-borne diseases including hepatitis C and possibly HIV/AIDS.

At least three allege they have contracted hepatitis and possibly other illnesses since

that incident.

Attorney Joseph M. Bernstein, who along with attorney Bruce Hudson is representing the 15, said he didn't know whether the woman identified in the lawsuit as "Nurse Beth" used the same needle to save money, because the prison hospital was short on supplies that day, because she made a mistake, or for some other reason.

"Legally, it doesn't matter," said Bernstein. "They were still entitled to a minimum level of care."

And just because a person is in prison, there is no lower level of acceptable care, he

M. Bernstein is representing 15 inmates who claim their medical care was cruel and unusual punishment.

Attorney Joseph

Although inmate Duane J. Williams was not named in the lawsuit, his family says the exposure led to the 32-year-old's death last month.

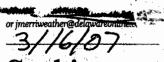
Ken Fields, a spokesman for the prison's medical contractor, St. Louis-based Correctional Medical Services, said Friday the company was aware of the allegations in 2006 but said there was no evidence the nurse did what the lawsuit charges. He added that even if such a thing happened, it was unlikely – and there is no evidence – that any infection actually resulted.

He acknowledged that the company did contact patients and offer follow-up blood testing, but said it only did so as a precaution because of the serious nature of the allegations against the nurse.

See SYRINGE - A4

EXHIBIT

EXHIBIT



Scabies prompts Correction quarantine

By ANDRE L TAYLOR The News Journal

Eighteen offenders housed at the Central Violation of Probation Center in Smyrna are being treated for scables, and the entire facility has been quarantined, prison officials said.

Department of Correction employees discovered the outbreak Wednesday when an offender complaining of chronic, itchy skin, was seen in the center's medical department, prisons spokeswoman Gail Stallings Minor said.

After making such a discovery, employees are required to check other offenders in proximity, Minor said. When they did so, they discovered 17 other cases.

Scables is a transmissible surface skin infection characterized by superficial burrows and intense itching, Minor said. It's caused by a mite that attaches itself to the skin's surface.

The 18 offenders have been isolated and are undergoing treatment, officials said. As a precaution, all 228 offenders in the facility have been quarantined for five days as well, Minor said.

Staff members who came in contact with the offenders will be treated, too, and treatments are available for others who request it.

Minor said the department's medical staff has been placed on alert and is looking for any other cases throughout the correction system. So far, none have been reported.

Contact Andre L. Taylor at 324-2890 or and setaylor@delawareonline.com.

3/16/07